



HITACHI

LL series AVRLA Battery
Setting the industry standard for storage batteries

BATTERY RELIABILITY

Field failure rate

Mean time between failures (MTBF)

Foreward

Hitachi Chemical has delivered the LL series battery in many different applications around the world since 1999 including (1) PV off-grid, (2) PV on-grid, (3) Wind power stabilization, (4) Micro-Grid, (5) Peak shaving on-grid.

Already up to March 2014 there were more than 83 different installations ranging from 11kWh to 10.3MWh installed during this time with a total of 105MWh installed across the above mentioned application areas. The total aggregated operating hours across all installations combined with field return (failures) statistics allows for an estimated field failure rate (FFR) and Mean Time between failures (MTBF) to be calculated for any size bank with a high level of confidence.

Conversely with new battery technologies and chemistries that are now appearing on almost a daily basis, no such statistical field data exists as these installations are very recent so have not accrued any significant operating hours under diverse operating conditions of charge/discharge and temperature. This presents a higher level of risk of reduced system availability and system downtime.

Requirements of renewable energy sources such as wind and PV, or grid stabilization demand a frequent change of current flow direction in the battery. Therefore the batteries are often operated in a partial state of charge. The HITACHI LL batteries have been specifically designed and tested for these types of application. Also the batteries can operate safely in an environment with an ambient temperature of 25°C to 30°C average with not degradation on throughput energy.

Definitions

Failure rate

Is the frequency with which the engineered system or component fails, expressed in failures per unit time.

The term FIT (failures in time) is used in industry and is defined as 1 failure per billion hours or 1×10^{-9} failures per hour = 1 FIT

Field failure rate (FFR)

Is calculated by the formula:

$$\frac{\text{Sum of all component field operating hours}}{\text{quantity of failed components}}$$

Mean time between failures (MTBF)

Is a measure of how reliable a system or component is, expressed in number of hours between failures where;

$$\text{MTBF (hrs)} = 1 / \text{FIT}$$

Example Calculation

The field failure rate for Hitachi LL series is:

$$\text{FFR} = 0.5 \times 10^{-9} \text{ failures per hour} = 0.5 \text{ FIT}$$

This is for one (1) 2V cell.

Application example

Battery Energy Storage System rating = 4 clusters x 2.36MVA = 9.44MVA

Configuration = 4 clusters x 8 parallel x 76 series connected Hitachi LL1500AS8 modules

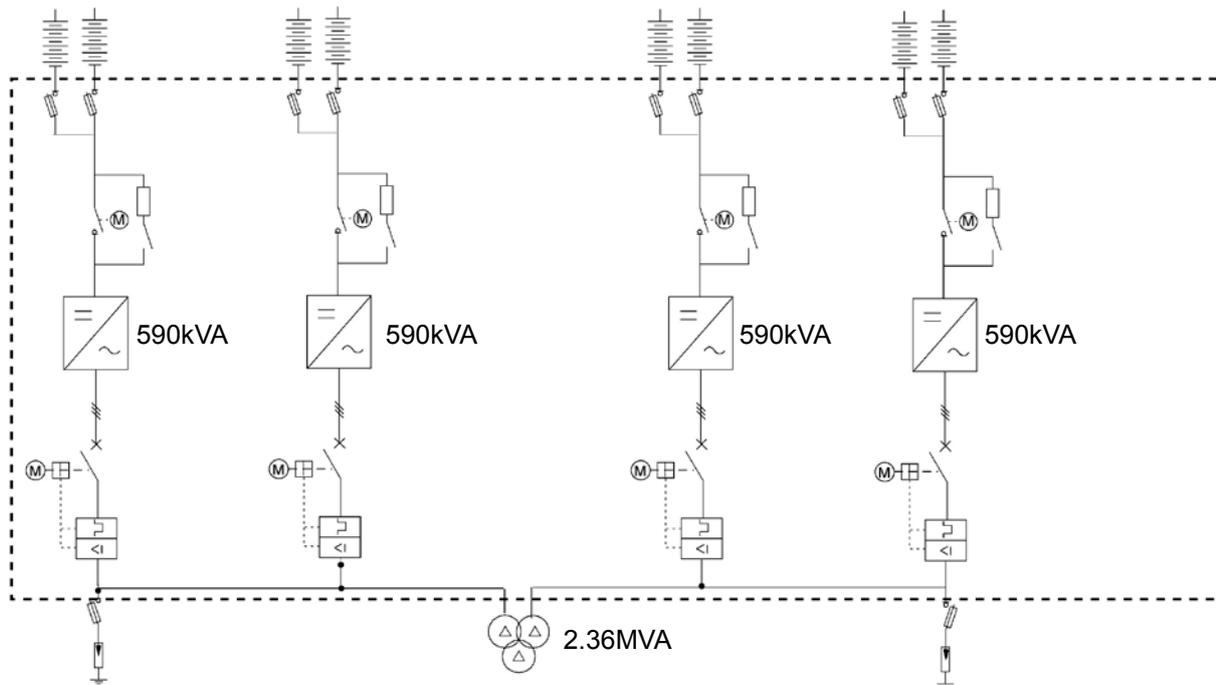
Module Voltage nom. = 8V (4 x 2V cells in series)

Module gross capacity = 12kWh [100% DoD]

Module net capacity = 7.2kWh [60% DoD, 30% to 90% SoC]

Bank net capacity = 7.2kWh x 4 x 8 x 76 = 17.5MWh

1 cluster = 8 parallel x 304 series x 2V cells = 2343 cells (608 x Hitachi LL1500AS8 modules)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Bank failure rate} &= \text{Qty 2V cells} \times \text{cell field failure rate (FFR)} \\ &= 4 \text{ clusters} \times 2343 \text{ cells} \times 0.5 \text{ FIT} \\ &= 4,686 \text{ FIT} \quad \text{or} \quad 4,686 \times 10^{-9} \text{ failures per hour} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{MTBF (Bank)} = 1 / 4,686 \times 10^{-9} = 213,400 \text{ hours or 24 years}$$



If you have any further technical questions, please do not hesitate to contact us:

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Disclaimer

Above technical specifications has been established on the basis of extended life tests which simulated actual working conditions as realistic as possible. Investigations that have been carried out with batteries that have been retrieved from the field after 3.5 and 7 years. These investigations have substantiated that the discharge capability and cycle life are also achieved in practical applications. However, the above mentioned values do not construct any guaranteed features in the legal sense.

